#### Duration

The element of music that relates to time, which includes beat, rhythm, metre, and tempo.

- How would you describe the rhythm?
- Are short or long notes being primarily used?
- How does the rhythm affect the overall energy of the piece?
- How might you represent the length (duration) of the notes?
- What tempo markings (e.g., allegro, vivace, largo) do you notice?
- How would a different tempo change your experience of the music?
- How does an increase in tempo affect the mood of the piece?
- What time signature(s) do you notice in the music?

#### Pitch

The element of music that relates to the highness or lowness of a tone.

- How might someone move their body to show how individual pitches go up, go down, or stay the same, and how do they connect to form a melody?
- What patterns do you notice in the melody (e.g., repetition, sequence)?
- How could you show others how this melody moves without singing/playing it for them?
- What words might someone use to describe the character of this song/piece of music (e.g., cheerful, bright, bold, intense)?
- In musical terms, how would you describe the tonality of this piece of music (e.g., pentatonic, major, minor, chromatic?)
- What accidentals or key signatures do you observe in the music?

#### Dynamics and other expressive controls

#### The element of music that relates to volume.

Consider the following questions:

- What range of dynamics is being used?
- What dynamic markings do you notice in the music?
- How does a decrease in volume affect the feeling or mood in the music?
- What dynamic level would support the mood of this piece?
- How does the compose use expressive controls (e.g., staccato/legato or crescendo/decrescendo) to create contrasts and changes in mood?

Comparing two pieces of music/songs:

 How do these two pieces of music/songs use dynamics differently to create uniquely expressive pieces?

#### **Timbre**

The element of music that relates to the quality of a sound (e.g., sound of a doorbell versus a laugh, a trumpet versus a clarinet, or two people speaking).

- What are the primary instruments used by the composer?
- Which pitched or non-pitched percussion instrument(s) are used to accompany this piece of music/song?
- Why do you think the composer chose specific instruments for this work?
- What mood do the instruments in this piece create?
- How would changing the instruments change the effect?
- What words might someone use to describe the tone, colour, or timbre of this song/musical work (e.g., rich, bright, mellow, or piercing)?

#### Texture/ harmony

The element of music that relates to the layers of sounds within music.

- Which instruments or found sounds are used to accompany this piece of music/song?
- What is the rhythmic relationship between the melody and the accompaniment?
- How does the accompaniment in this piece of music/ song reflect the story/poem/lyrics?
- What similarities and differences do you notice between the melodies and rhythms?
- How might someone graphically portray the layering of melodies in this piece of music?
- Is the accompaniment rhythmic, melodic, or choral?

# Form The element of music that relates to the way musical pieces are organized.

- How is the music organized?
- Using musical terms, how would you describe the overall form and effect of the music?
- How does the music change from one section to the next?
- What elements of music does the composer use to vary the original theme?
- How did the composer use form to suggest certain images?